

Ph.D. Comprehensive Exam - Topology

August 2015

Every answer to a question in this exam needs a proof.

- (1) Let X be a compact space, Y a Hausdorff space, $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous, one-to-one and onto. Prove that f is a homeomorphism.
- (2) Let X be a compact Hausdorff space and let $C_1 \supset C_2 \supset \dots$ be a decreasing sequence of closed connected subsets of X . Prove that their intersection $C = \bigcap_i C_i$ is connected. Give an example to show that this may fail if we do not assume that X is compact.
- (3) **a:** Compute the fundamental group of the space obtained from the disjoint union of two spaces, each homeomorphic to the torus $S^1 \times S^1$, by identifying a circle $S^1 \times \mathbf{1}$ in one torus with the corresponding circle $S^1 \times \mathbf{1}$ in the other torus.
b: Let $X \subset \mathbf{R}^m$ be the union of convex open sets X_1, \dots, X_n such that $X_i \cap X_j \cap X_k \neq \emptyset$ for all $i, j, k = \mathbf{1}, \dots, n$. Show that X is connected and simply-connected.
- (4) Let S^n be an n -sphere.
a: Show that S^n admits a continuous field of non-zero tangent vectors if, and only if, n is odd.
b: Suppose $f : S^n \rightarrow S^n$ is a continuous map with degree different from $(-1)^{n+1}$. Show that f has a fixed point.