

- 1.
- 1
- Find the sum.

$$4 - \frac{8}{5} + \frac{16}{25} - \frac{32}{125} + \frac{64}{625} - \dots = \frac{4}{1 - (-2/5)} = \frac{20}{7}$$

- 2.
- 4
- For the following determine if the conclusion is a Valid use of the Comparison Test or an Invalid use.

(a) V / **I** : Since $0 < \frac{1}{n} < \frac{1}{n-1}$ and $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ diverges, by comparison $\sum \frac{1}{n-1}$ also diverges.(b) **V** / I : Since $0 < \frac{1}{n+1} < \frac{1}{n}$ and $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ diverges, by comparison $\sum \frac{1}{n+1}$ also diverges.(c) **V** / I : Since $0 < \frac{1}{n^2} < \frac{1}{n^2-1}$ and $\sum \frac{1}{n^2}$ converges, by comparison $\sum \frac{1}{n^2-1}$ also converges.(d) V / **I** : Since $0 < \frac{1}{n^2+1} < \frac{1}{n^2}$ and $\sum \frac{1}{n^2}$ converges, by comparison $\sum \frac{1}{n^2+1}$ also converges.

- 3.
- 1
- Assume
- $a_n, b_n > 0$
- and
- $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = 0$
- , are the following True or False.

(a) T / **F** : If $\sum b_n$ converges, then $\sum a_n$ converges.(b) **T** / F : If $\sum b_n$ diverges, then $\sum a_n$ diverges.

- 4.
- 4
- Show
- $\sum \frac{n-1}{\sqrt{n^5+3}}$
- converges.

$$\text{Since } 0 < \frac{n-1}{\sqrt{n^5+3}} < \frac{n}{n^{5/2}} = \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$$

and $\sum \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ is a convergent p-series ($p = 3/2 > 1$),by comparison, $\sum \frac{n-1}{\sqrt{n^5+3}}$ also converges.