

1. 2 Please indicate True or False.

- (a) T / F : $\mathbf{T} = \mathbf{v}/v$.
- (b) T / F : $\mathbf{N} = \mathbf{a}/\|\mathbf{a}\|$.
- (c) T / F : If the speed is constant, then $\mathbf{a} = a_N \mathbf{N}$.
- (d) T / F : If the curvature is constant, then $\mathbf{a} = a_T \mathbf{T}$.

Notation!

2. Consider the path given by $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t - t^3/3, t^2 \rangle$.

(a) 1 Find the velocity $\mathbf{v}(t)$.

$$\vec{r}' = \langle 1 - t^2, 2t \rangle$$

(b) 1 Find the speed $v(t)$.

$$\|\vec{r}'\| = (1 - 2t^2 + t^4 + 4t^2)^{1/2} = (1 + 2t^2 + t^4)^{1/2} = (1 + t^2)$$

(c) 1 Find the acceleration $\mathbf{a}(t)$.

$$\vec{r}'' = \langle -2t, 2 \rangle$$

(d) 1 Find the Unit tangent vector $\mathbf{T}(t)$.

$$\left\langle \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}, \frac{2t}{1+t^2} \right\rangle$$

(e) 4 For this path the Unit normal vector is $\mathbf{N}(t) = \left\langle \frac{-2t}{1+t^2}, \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2} \right\rangle$. Using this and the above, find the tangential and normal components of acceleration, ie. a_T and a_N , at $t = 2$.

$$\vec{a}(2) = \langle -4, 2 \rangle$$

$$\vec{N}(2) = \left\langle \frac{-4}{5}, \frac{-3}{5} \right\rangle$$

$$\vec{T}(2) = \left\langle \frac{-3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right\rangle$$

$$a_T = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{T} = \frac{12}{5} + \frac{8}{5} = 4$$

$$a_N = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{N} = \frac{16}{5} - \frac{6}{5} = 2$$

OR $a_T = v'(t)$
 $= 2t \Big|_{t=2} = 4$

$$\|\vec{a}\|^2 = a_T^2 + a_N^2$$

so $a_N = 2$

Note: $v(2) = 5$ ~~$v^2 K = 2$~~ $v^2 K = 2$

$v^2 K = 2$
 $K = \frac{2}{25}$