

1. § 12.2 # 30

② $P = (-2, 0, -2)$, $Q = (4, 3, 7)$ $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \langle 6, 3, 9 \rangle$ $\vec{r}(t) = \langle -2, 0, 2 \rangle + t \langle 6, 3, 9 \rangle$

2. § 12.3 # 54

② $\vec{u} = \langle 2, -3 \rangle$ $\vec{v} = \langle 1, 2 \rangle$

$$\vec{u}_{\parallel \vec{v}} = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v}} \vec{v} = \frac{-4}{5} \langle 1, 2 \rangle$$

3. § 12.3 # 64

30 pts

$\vec{u} = \langle 3, 5 \rangle$ $\vec{v} = \langle 8, 2 \rangle$

④ $\vec{u}_{\parallel \vec{v}} = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{\vec{v} \cdot \vec{v}} \vec{v} = \frac{34}{68} \langle 8, 2 \rangle = \langle 4, 1 \rangle$

$\vec{u}_{\perp \vec{v}} = \vec{u} - \vec{u}_{\parallel \vec{v}} = \langle -1, 4 \rangle$ so $\|\vec{u}_{\perp \vec{v}}\| = \sqrt{17}$

4. § 12.4 # 26

② B, C,

5. § 12.4 # 30

$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (-1)\hat{i} - (4)\hat{j} + (7)\hat{k} = \langle -1, -4, 7 \rangle$ $\|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}\| = \sqrt{66}$

③ $\vec{e}_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{66}} \langle -1, -4, 7 \rangle$, $\vec{e}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{66}} \langle 1, 4, -7 \rangle$

6. § 12.4 # 44

$\overrightarrow{PQ} \times \overrightarrow{PR} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = (14)\hat{i} - (4)\hat{j} + (8)\hat{k} = \langle 14, -4, 8 \rangle$

④ so Area of $\Delta_{PQR} = \frac{1}{2} \|\overrightarrow{PQ} \times \overrightarrow{PR}\| = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{276}$

7. § 12.5 # 18

$\overrightarrow{PQ} = \langle -4, 0, 1 \rangle$

② $\overrightarrow{QR} = \langle 1, 0, -1 \rangle$

$\overrightarrow{PQ} \times \overrightarrow{QR} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ -4 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -3\hat{j}$

$-3(y-1) = 0$

or $y = 1$

8. § 12.5 # 26

③ $\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 13\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$

$13x + y - 5z = 0$

9. § 12.7 # 66

$\phi = \pi/6$ or $\phi = 5\pi/6$

②

10. § 13.2 # 34

$\vec{r}(1) = \langle 0, 1, 9 \rangle$

④ $\vec{r}'(9) = \langle \frac{1}{9}, -\frac{1}{9}, 9 \rangle$

$\vec{r}'(1) = \langle 1, -1, 9 \rangle$

so $\vec{L}(t) = \langle 0, 1, 9 \rangle + t \langle 1, -1, 9 \rangle$