

1. [2] The solution to the initial value problem

$$y'' + 2y' - 5y = 0, \quad y(0) = 0, y'(0) = -6$$

is  $y = -3e^{-t} \sin 2t$ . Find the impulse required so that the system comes to rest the first time it returns to the equilibrium at  $t = \pi/2$ . Express your solution as a delta function.

$$y' = 3e^{-t} \sin 2t - 6e^{-t} \cos 2t$$

$$y'(\pi/2) = 6e^{-\pi/2} \quad \text{so impulse is given by} \quad -6e^{-\pi/2} \delta(t - \pi/2)$$

2. [2] Express the following convolution as an integral.
- DO NOT EVALUATE.**

$$e^{2t} * \sin 3t = \int_0^t e^{2u} \sin(3(t-u)) du = \int_0^t e^{2(t-u)} \sin 3u du$$

3. [6] Assume
- $g(t)$
- is piecewise continuous and of exponential order and consider the initial value problem

$$y' + y = g(t) + H(t-4), \quad y(0) = 3.$$

Find the solution. Express your solution in terms of a convolution.

$$sY - 3 + Y = G(s) + \frac{1}{s} e^{-4s} \quad \frac{1}{s(s+1)} = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+1}$$

$$Y = \frac{1}{s+1} \cdot G(s) + \frac{3}{s+1} + \frac{1}{s(s+1)} e^{-4s}$$

$$y = e^{-t} * g(t) + 3e^{-t} + H(t-4) \left[ 1 - e^{-(t-4)} \right]$$